

Question:

How were the goals and methods of Mandela and Gandhi similar and how were they different?

Nelson Mandela Time Line

	1960- 69 black citizens are gunned down during a peaceful demonstration in Sharpeville, a black township		1962- Mandela was arrested and sentenced to five years' imprisonment with hard labor		1990- Nelson Mandela was released on February 11
1950- Government in South Africa establishes apartheid; ANC organizes boycotts & strikes	Sharpeville pushes ANC to shift from nonviolent protest to an armed struggle; Mandela goes underground	1961- ANC executives agrees on the use of violent tactics and agreed that those members who wished to involve themselves in Mandela's campaign would not be stopped from doing so by the ANC; led to the formation of Umkhonto we Sizwe		1964- Mandela is arrested, tried and condemned to life in prison for treason against apartheid	

Mohandas Gandhi Time Line

	1920- "Non-violent, non-cooperation" Movement is passed; includes the boycott of councils, courts and schools, set up by the British and of all foreign cloth.		1925- Gandhi founds the All India Spinners Association asking all Indians to only wear cloths they've spun themselves; becomes symbol of defiance of foreign rule		1942- Gandhi starts the 'Quit India Movement' and decided to launch a mass civil disobedience movement 'Do or Die' to force the British to leave India		1948- Mohandas Gandhi is assassinated
1919- Rowlatt Act is passed by British government and Amritsar Square Massacre kills 400 and injures 1200 people who are peacefully demonstrating; allows Gandhi to rise to power		1922- Gandhi is arrested by the British government on charges of Inciting Violence; serves only 2 out of 6 years		1930- Gandhi and his followers embark on the Salt March; after March, Gandhi is arrested, drawing universal attention to India and freeing Gandhi from jail		1947- Partition of India; Pakistan and Bangladesh are created	